# 1. Hashi 10EC

Common name : Cypermethrin

Structural formula

Structure of Cypermethrin

Molecular formula

: C22H19Cl2NO3

Composition

 : Cypermethrin tech. (95%)
 10.75 w/w

 Emulsifier
 10.00 w/w

 Xylene/Solvent
 79.25 w/w

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation

type

: Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC).

Target pest (registered)

:

Others use

: Control of a wide range of insects, especially Lepidoptera, but also Coleoptera, Diptera, Hemiptera, and other classes, in fruit (including citrus), vines, vegetables, potatoes, cucurbits, lettuce, capsicums, tomatoes, cereals, maize, soya beans, cotton, coffee, cocoa, rice, pecans, oilseed rape, beet, ornamentals, forestry, etc. Control of flies and other insects in animal houses; and mosquitoes, cockroaches, houseflies and other insect pests in public health. Also used as an animal

ectoparasiticide.

Dose

Pack size

: 25ml, 50ml, 100ml, 400ml or customize.

Toxicity

: Moderately hazardous, WHO toxicity class II technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The acute oral LD50 value of

: Hashi 10EC (Cypermethruin 10%) 41,430mg/kgb.w for rat where active ingredients LD50 value 4,123mg/kgb.w.

Use technique

: Foliar application by spray machine.

Mode of action

: Non-systemic insecticide with contact and stomach action. Also exhibits anti-feeding action.

Good residual activity on treated plants. Cypermethrin is a synthetic pyrethroid and a permethrin analogue. This group of chemicals acts primarily on the basal ganglia of the central nervous system, causing repetitive nerve action through

prolongation of sodium permeability during the recovery phase of the action potential of neurons.

Unique feature :
Contamination :
First aid :
Toxicity class by WHO :

:

2. Khushi 2.5EC

Common name : Lambda-cyhalothrin

Structural formula

(R)-alcohol (Z)-(1S)-cis-acid

Structure of Lambda-cyhalothrin

Molecular formula

: C23H19CIF3NO3

Composition

Lambda-cyhalothrin tech. (90%)......02.63 w/w Emulsifier ......09.00 w/w Xylene/Solvent......88.37 w/w

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation

type

: Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC).

Target pest

(registered)

Others use

: Control of a wide spectrum of insect pests, e.g. aphids, Colorado beetles, thrips, Lepidoptera larvae,

Coleoptera larvae and adults, etc., in cereals, hops, ornamentals, potatoes, vegetables, cotton, and other crops. Provides

good control of insect-borne plant viruses, at 2-5 g/ha. Also used for control of insect pests in public health.

Dose

Pack size

: 25ml, 50ml, 100ml, 400ml bottle or customize.

Toxicity

: Moderately hazardous, WHO toxicity class II technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The acute oral LD50 value of Khushi 2.5EC (Lambda-cyhalothrin 2.5%) 3,160 mg/kg b.w for male rat

where LD50 value of active ingredients 79 mg/kgb.w.

Use technique

: Foliar application by spray machine.

Mode of action

: Non-systemic insecticide with contact and stomach action, and repellent properties gives rapid

knockdown and long residual activity.

Unique feature Contamination First aid Toxicity class by WHO

#### 3. Shanti 20EC

Common name : Chlorpyrifos

Structural formula

Molecular

formula

: C9H11Cl3NO3PS

Composition

: Chlorpyrifos tech. (90%)......21.05 w/w

Emulsifier ......10.00 w/w 

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation

: Emulsiable Concentrate (EC)

type Target pest

(registered)

: Potato cut worm

Others use

: Control of Coleoptera, Diptera, Homoptera and Lepidoptera in soil or on foliage in over 100 crops, including pome fruit, stone fruit, citrus fruit, nut crops, strawberries, figs, bananas, vines, vegetables, potatoes, beet, tobacco, soya beans, sunflowers, sweet potatoes, peanuts, rice, cotton, alfalfa, cereals, maize, sorghum, asparagus, glasshouse and outdoor ornamentals, turf, and in forestry. Also used for control of household pests (Blattellidae, Muscidae, Isoptera), mosquitoes (larvae and adults) and in animal houses.

Dose

Pack size Toxicity

Moderately hazardous, WHO toxicity class II technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The

acute oral LD50 value of Shanti 20EC (Chlorpyrifos 20%) 1,350mg/kgb.w for rat as active ingredients LD50 270mg/kgb.w.

Use technique : Foliar application by spray machine

: Non-systemic insecticide with contact, stomach, and respiratory action. Mode of action

Unique feature Contamination First aid Toxicity class by WHO

# 4. Sampad **20SL**

Common name : Imidacloprid

Structural formula

Molecular formula

Composition

C9H10CIN5O2

NP 10 ......10.00 %w/w DMSC ......20.00 %w/w Solvent ......50.00 %w/w

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation

type

: Soluble (Liquid) Concentrate (SL)

Target pest

(registered)

Others use : A wide range of use; Target insects include sucking insects (e.g., aphids, whiteflies, leafhoppers

and planthoppers, thrips, scales, mealybugs, bugs, psyllids, and phylloxera), beetles (e.g., longhorn beetles, leaf beetles, Colorado potato beetles, rice water-weevils, wireworms, grubs, and flea beetles), and others (e.g., lepidopterous leafminers,

some diptera, termites, locusts, and fleas).

Dose Pack size

**Toxicity** 

Moderately hazardous, WHO toxicity class II technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The

acute oral LD50 value of Sampad 20SL (Imiacloprid 20%) 2,250mg/kgb.w for rat as active ingredients LD50 450mg/kgb.w.

Use technique : Foliar application by spray machine

Mode of action : The mode of action is based on interference of the transmission of impulses in the nerve system

> of insects. Similar to the naturally occurring signal-transmitting acetylcholine, Imidacloprid stimulates certain nerve cells by acting on a receptor protein. In contrast to acetylcholine, which is quickly degraded by the enzyme acetylcholine-esterase,

Imidacloprid is inactivated either very slowly or not at all. It has both contact and ingestion activity. The target pest's feeding activity ceases within minutes to hours, and death occurs usually within 24 - 48 hours but can take up to 7 days depending on the mode of application. As to its performance: good reliable control, high selectivity, quick knock-down/protection and long residual activity are key features.

Unique feature Contamination First aid Toxicity class by WHO

#### 5. Biddut **50SP**

Common name : Cartap

·HCI

Structural formula

Molecular : C7H15N3O2S2.HCI formula

Composition : Cartap tech. ......21.05 w/w

> Emulsifier ......10.00 w/w Xylene/Solvent......68.95 w/w

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation type

: Soluble Powder (SP)

Target pest (registered) Others use Dose Pack size

Toxicity : Moderately hazardous, WHO toxicity class II technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The

LD50 acute oral value of Biddut 50SP (Cartap Hydrochloride 50%) 690mg/kgb.w for male rat as active ingredients LD50

345mg/kgb.w.

Use technique : Foliar application by spray machine

Mode of action : Systemic insecticide with stomach and contact action. Insects discontinue feeding, and die of

starvation.

Unique feature Contamination First aid Toxicity class by . WHO

### 6. Badol 10G

Common name : Diazinon

Structural formula Molecular formula

Composition : Imidacloprid tech. (90%)......21.05 w/w

Emulsifier ......10.00 w/w 

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation

: Granular (G) type

Target pest (registered)

Others use : Diazinon control a wide variety of sucking and leaf eating insects. It is used on rice, fruit trees,

sugarcane, corn, tobacco, potatoes and on horticultural plants. It is also an ingredient in pest strips. Diazinon has veterinary

uses against fleas and ticks.

Dose

Pack size

Toxicity

: Moderately hazardous, WHO toxicity class II technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The

acute oral LD50 value of Badol 10G (Diazinon 10%) 4,000mg/kgb.w for male rat as active ingredients LD50 400mg/kgb.w.

Use technique : Direct application

Mode of action : Diazinon is a nonsystemic organophosphate insecticide.

Unique feature :
Contamination :
First aid :
Toxicity class by WHO :

7. Falan 5G

Common name : Carbofuran

Structural formula :
Molecular formula :

Composition : Imidacloprid tech. (90%)......21.05 w/w

Total 100.00 w/w

Formulation

type : Granular (G)

Target pest (registered)
Others use :

Pack size :

Toxicity : Highly hazardous, WHO toxicity class IB technical grade active ingredients in pesticide. The acute oral

LD50 value of Falan 5G (Carbofuran 5%) 260/kgb.w for male rat as active ingredients LD50 13mg/kgb.w.

Use technique : Direct application

Mode of action :
Unique feature :
Contamination :
First aid :
Toxicity class by WHO :